

ELECTION OFFICE

Stephanie Taylor
Director

Karen Perry
Deputy Director



ELECTION BOARD

Christina K. Bracknell, President
Marquita J. McMillan, Vice President
James C. Richardson, Secretary
Joseph N. Price, Member
Medford J. Campbell, Member

Brian K. Young, Esq., Board Counsel

AGENDA

Harford County Board of Elections
133 Industry Lane, Forest Hill, MD 21050
March 26, 2025
5:00 p.m.

- Call to Order; Declaration of Quorum
- Welcome Members and Guests
- Approval of Minutes
 - February 26, 2025, Meeting
 - February 26, 2025, Closed Meeting
- Request Additions or Changes to the Agenda
 - Steven McCurdy and Bill Martino to address the Board
 - President Trumps Executive Order
- Election Office Report
- Board Attorney's Report
- Old Business
 - Reconvene Board of Canvassers
- New Business
 - Request approval to close the office on May 9, 2025
 - Confidential Voter Requests
- Confirmation of Next Meeting
- Members' Time
- Closed Session*
- Adjournment

NEXT MEETING: April 23, 2025

*Closed Meeting: Part of the meeting may be closed in accordance with Maryland's Open Meetings Act procedures.

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HARFORD COUNTY BOARD OF ELECTIONS
MINUTES
February 26, 2025

PRESENT:

Board:	Staff:
Christina Bracknell, Board President	Stephanie Taylor, Director
Marquita McMillan, Vice President	Karen Perry, Deputy Director
Medford Campbell, Member	Barbara Salvatore, Staff
Joseph Price, Member	
James Richardson, Member	
Brian K. Young, Esq., Board Counsel	

QUORUM:

Ms. Bracknell called the meeting to order at 5:01 pm and determined there was a quorum with at least one member of the minority party being present.

Karen McCurdy, Steven McCurdy, and Dale Livingston were present from the public.

Ms. Bracknell welcomed the members, staff, and guests.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES:

The January 29, 2025, Regular Meeting minutes were presented. Ms. Bracknell asked for a motion to accept the minutes. Mr. Price made a motion to accept the minutes, and Mr. Campbell seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously by those Board Members who were present for the January 29, 2025, Regular Meeting.

The December 11, 2024, Closed Meeting minutes were presented during closed session. Ms. Bracknell asked for a motion to accept the minutes. Mr. Richardson made a motion to accept the minutes, and Ms. McMillan seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously by those Board Members who were present for the December 11, 2024, Closed Meeting.

The January 29, 2025, Closed Meeting minutes were presented during closed session. Ms. Bracknell asked for a motion to accept the minutes. Mr. Price made a motion to accept the minutes, and Mr. Campbell seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously by those Board Members who were present for the January 29, 2025, Closed Meeting.

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ADDITIONS OR CHANGES TO THE AGENDA:

Under old business Ms. Taylor requested a MAEO conference update be added to the agenda. Ms. Bracknell requested to add a discussion about the MAEO Board Committee email that she received under new business.

ELECTION OFFICE REPORT:

Ms. Taylor gave the Administration update.

Ms. Taylor added that Candidate filing began on February 25, 2025.

Ms. Taylor gave the Staff update.

Ms. Taylor gave the Election Operations update.

Ms. Taylor added that the warehouse team reorganized the warehouse for more space and to be more efficient with the loading of the trucks for election day.

Ms. Salvatore gave the Election Judge update.

Ms. Perry gave the Voter Registration update.

Ms. Perry gave the Legislation update.

Ms. Taylor gave the Upcoming Events timeline.

BOARD ATTORNEY'S REPORT:

Mr. Young gave an update regarding Charter Amendments. Charter Amendments cannot overwrite MD Legislature or Federal Law and any challenges to new amendments need to be submitted in a timely fashion.

OLD BUSINESS:

Ms. Taylor gave an update on the MAEO conference which will be held May 4-8, 2025. The required "Biennial" will be held May 4 & 5, 2025. A tentative agenda will be sent to all Board members via email. Ms. Taylor requested the Board to email her individually regarding the days that they are planning to attend to secure lodging.

NEW BUSINESS:

Ms. Bracknell explained that she received an email from Guy Mickley, chair of the MAEO "Local Board Member Committee," saying that they will be having their first meeting on either March 7th, 10th, or 12th. This committee was created to help lead local board members and counsel in discussions that are pertinent to various aspects of executing elections. Concerns were raised as to who would attend these meetings and whether both parties would be represented. More information will be forthcoming.

Mr. Price requested that a list with all the important 2026 Election dates be handed out so members could plan accordingly. Ms. Perry supplied the members with this list after the closed session.

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CONFIRMATION OF NEXT MEETING:

The next meeting scheduled is March 26, 2025 at 5:00pm.

MEMBERS' TIME:

Mr. Richardson attended "Harford Night" in Annapolis.

CLOSED SESSION:

Ms. Bracknell asked for a motion to move into closed session. Mr. Richardson made the motion, and Ms. McMillan seconded the motion. The board unanimously agreed to move into closed session at 5:32pm. The purpose of the closed session was for discussion and approval of prior closed meeting minutes .

ADJOURNMENT:

Mr. Price made a motion to adjourn the meeting, and Mr. Campbell seconded the motion. The motion was unanimously approved, and the meeting was adjourned at 5:43 pm.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "C. Bracknell", is written over a light blue horizontal line.

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Director

Karen Perry
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HARFORD COUNTY BOARD OF ELECTIONS
OFFICE REPORT
March 26, 2025

Administration:

- We had an additional security camera installed in the lobby.
- Someone from the Office of the Special Prosecutor reached out to inquire about a non-citizen who voted in two elections. Per their request, I sent them the documentation they requested and secured the originals.
- I have been asked to participate in the monthly meeting with the Bipartisan Policy Center.

Staff Updates:

- Loralyn Sisler's last day of employment with this office will be March 28, 2025.

Election Operations

- We have created and are maintaining an inventory of items in our offsite storage location.
- Justin redesigned the equipment transportation cart layout in the warehouse to give us more room and to help expedite the equipment delivery and pick up during each election.
- Maintenance on the equipment continues on a weekly/monthly basis.
- As of today, three people have filed for candidacy in a local contest.
- The State Board of Elections has updated the municipal election questionnaire with the anticipation of the passing of SB0088(HB0322).

Election Judges:

- Held brainstorming sessions for innovative ideas to add to Election Judge training
- Contacted local cinemas regarding video ad pricing and requirements
- We are in the process of testing new Election Worker software by creating a mock election with a group of forty of our existing Election Judges
- Working on the Spring edition of the Election Judge Newsletter to be emailed on April 1st
- Revised the PowerPoint presentation for our future Meet and Greet sessions for the 2026 Election

Voter Registration:

February

- List Maintenance
 - Social Security verifications – 2
 - DHMH (Deceased) list through the Maryland Department of Health – 223
 - AOC List (felons) - 4
 - Cancelled for Non-citizenship – 1
 - Inactivated – 710

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- ERIC Reports
 - Deceased – 12
 - In-State Duplicates – 0 pairs
- Volume from Electronic Voter Registration Applications (EVRAs) – 2739
 - Voter Registration Applications – 2695
 - Mail-in Ballot Applications – 44

Current as of 3/18/25

This month we have received and processed our AOC report. We continue to receive documents from the Harford County Jury Commissioner weekly and should receive our DHMH list through the Maryland Department of Health very soon.

Legislation:

The following bills have a strong possibility of being signed into law:

HB0412 (SB0337) Elections - Local Boards of Elections - Open Meeting Requirements (Local Boards of Elections Transparency Act): Live streaming must be provided for all open meetings (excludes off-site meetings). Video must be archived for at least five years. Agendas for open meetings must be posted online at least 48 hours in advance. (Emergency meetings as far in advance as possible.)

HB0945 (SB0645) Election Law - Gubernatorial Primary Election – Date: Altering, from the last Tuesday in June to the fourth Tuesday in June, the date for the primary election in the year of the gubernatorial election.

SB0088 (HB0322) Election Law - Municipal Elections Administration - Allows the State Administrator to enter into MOUs with municipalities to support municipal elections.

The following bill has been amended:

SB0093 (HB0201) Election Law - Absentee Ballots - Notice to Request Application. The Senate version was amended. It removes the requirement for sending MIB applications before each Primary. Instead, notice about MIB's and MIB applications are to be included on sample ballots and other mailings.

Upcoming Events:

- March 27th – Voter Registration MAEO Meeting
- March 28th – MAEO Conference Planning Committee Meeting
- April 10th – Bipartisan Policy Center Meeting
- April 16th – In-person MAEO Meeting
- April 23rd – Budget Meeting with the County Council



Fact Sheet: President Donald J. Trump Protects the Integrity of American Elections

RESTORING TRUST IN AMERICAN ELECTIONS: Today, President Donald J. Trump signed an Executive Order to protect the integrity of American elections.

- This Order strengthens voter citizenship verification and bans foreign nationals from interfering in U.S. elections.
 - The Election Assistance Commission will require documentary, government-issued proof of U.S. citizenship on its voter registration forms.
 - Agencies like the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Social Security Administration and Department of State must provide states with access to Federal databases to verify eligibility and citizenship of individuals registering to vote.
 - The Attorney General will prioritize prosecuting non-citizen voting and related crimes, including through use of DHS records and coordination with state attorneys general.
- Federal election-related funds will be conditioned on states complying with the integrity measures set forth by Federal law, including the requirement that states use the national mail voter registration form that will now require proof of citizenship.
- The Order improves the integrity of elections by directing the updating of the Voluntary Voting System Guidelines 2.0 and security standards for voting equipment and prioritizing federal grant funds accordingly.
 - This includes requiring a voter-verifiable paper ballot record and not using ballots in which the counted vote is contained within a barcode or QR code.
- It directs the Attorney General to enter into information-sharing agreements with state election officials to identify cases of election fraud or other election law violations.
 - Non-compliant states may face prioritized Federal enforcement of election integrity laws and loss of funding given their unwillingness to police fraud.
- The Attorney General and Secretary of Homeland Security shall prevent non-citizens from any involvement in administering elections.
- The Attorney General will fully enforce the voter-list maintenance requirements of the National Voter Registration Act and the Help America Vote Act.
- Given clear Federal law setting a single Election Day deadline, the Attorney General shall take appropriate action against states that count ballots received after Election Day in Federal elections. Federal election funding will be conditioned on compliance.



- The Attorney General will prioritize enforcement of laws prohibiting foreign nationals from contributing to or donating in U.S. elections.
- All agencies must report on compliance with undoing Biden Executive Order 14019, which turned Federal agencies into Democratic voter turnout centers.

SAFEGUARDING THE VOTE: President Trump recognizes that free, fair, and honest elections—unmarred by fraud, errors, or suspicion—are essential to our Constitutional Republic.

- The United States lags behind other nations in enforcing basic and necessary election protections.
 - India and Brazil tie voter identification to a biometric database, while the United States largely relies on self-attestation for citizenship.
 - Germany and Canada require paper ballots when tabulating votes, while the United States has a patchwork of methods that often lack basic chain-of-custody protections.
 - Denmark and Sweden sensibly limit mail-in voting to those unable to vote in person—and late arrivals do not count—while American elections now feature mass voting by mail, even after Election Day.
- Without proper enforcement of Federal laws, illegal voting, discrimination, fraud, and other forms of malfeasance and error dilute the votes of lawful American citizens.
- Federal law establishes a uniform Election Day across the nation for Federal elections, but numerous states fail to comply with those laws by counting ballots received after Election Day.
- The Biden Administration blocked states from removing aliens from voter rolls, while foreign nationals and non-governmental organizations (NGOs) exploited loopholes to pour millions into influencing U.S. elections.

MAKING ELECTIONS SECURE AGAIN: Voters deserve elections they can trust, and that confidence is being restored thanks to President Trump.

- President Trump is following through on his promise to secure our elections.
 - President Trump: “We're going to fix our elections so that our elections are going to be honorable and honest and people leave and they know their vote is counted. We are going to have free and fair elections. And ideally, we go to paper ballots, same-day voting, proof of citizenship, very big, and voter ID, very simple.”



- President Trump: “We will secure our elections, and they will be secure once and for all.”
- Unlike the Biden Administration, which prioritized political agendas over fair elections, President Trump is putting the American people back in charge.

EXECUTIVE ORDER

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PRESERVING AND PROTECTING THE INTEGRITY OF AMERICAN ELECTIONS

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered:

Section 1. Purpose and Policy. Despite pioneering self-government, the United States now fails to enforce basic and necessary election protections employed by modern, developed nations, as well as those still developing. India and Brazil, for example, are tying voter identification to a biometric database, while the United States largely relies on self-attestation for citizenship. In tabulating votes, Germany and Canada require use of paper ballots, counted in public by local officials, which substantially reduces the number of disputes as compared to the American patchwork of voting methods that can lead to basic chain-of-custody problems. Further, while countries like Denmark and Sweden sensibly limit mail-in voting to those unable to vote in person and do not count late-arriving votes regardless of the date of postmark, many American elections now feature mass voting by mail, with many officials accepting ballots without postmarks or those received well after Election Day.

Free, fair, and honest elections unmarred by fraud, errors, or suspicion are fundamental to maintaining our constitutional Republic. The right of American citizens to have their votes properly counted and tabulated, without illegal dilution, is vital to determining the rightful winner of an election.

Under the Constitution, State governments must safeguard American elections in compliance with Federal laws that protect Americans' voting rights and guard against dilution by illegal

voting, discrimination, fraud, and other forms of malfeasance and error. Yet the United States has not adequately enforced Federal election requirements that, for example, prohibit States from counting ballots received after Election Day or prohibit non-citizens from registering to vote.

Federal law establishes a uniform Election Day across the Nation for Federal elections, 2 U.S.C. 7 and 3 U.S.C. 1. It is the policy of my Administration to enforce those statutes and require that votes be cast and received by the election date established in law. As the United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit recently held in *Republican National Committee v. Wetzel* (2024), those statutes set "the day by which ballots must be both *cast* by voters and *received* by state officials." Yet numerous States fail to comply with those laws by counting ballots received after Election Day. This is like allowing persons who arrive 3 days after Election Day, perhaps after a winner has been declared, to vote in person at a former voting precinct, which would be absurd.

Several Federal laws, including 18 U.S.C. 1015 and 611, prohibit foreign nationals from registering to vote or voting in Federal elections. Yet States fail adequately to vet voters' citizenship, and, in recent years, the Department of Justice has failed to prioritize and devote sufficient resources for enforcement of these provisions. Even worse, the prior administration actively prevented States from removing aliens from their voter lists.

Additionally, Federal laws, such as the National Voter Registration Act (Public Law 103-31) and the Help America Vote Act (Public Law 107-252), require States to maintain an accurate and current Statewide list of every legally registered voter in the State. And the Department of Homeland Security is required

to share database information with States upon request so they can fulfill this duty. See 8 U.S.C. 1373(c). Maintaining accurate voter registration lists is a fundamental requirement in protecting voters from having their ballots voided or diluted by fraudulent votes.

Federal law, 52 U.S.C. 30121, prohibits foreign nationals from participating in Federal, State, or local elections by making any contributions or expenditures. But foreign nationals and non-governmental organizations have taken advantage of loopholes in the law's interpretation, spending millions of dollars through conduit contributions and ballot-initiative-related expenditures. This type of foreign interference in our election process undermines the franchise and the right of American citizens to govern their Republic.

Above all, elections must be honest and worthy of the public trust. That requires voting methods that produce a voter-verifiable paper record allowing voters to efficiently check their votes to protect against fraud or mistake. Election-integrity standards must be modified accordingly.

It is the policy of my Administration to enforce Federal law and to protect the integrity of our election process.

Sec. 2. Enforcing the Citizenship Requirement for Federal Elections. To enforce the Federal prohibition on foreign nationals voting in Federal elections:

(a)(i) Within 30 days of the date of this order, the Election Assistance Commission shall take appropriate action to require, in its national mail voter registration form issued under 52 U.S.C. 20508:

- (A) documentary proof of United States citizenship, consistent with 52 U.S.C. 20508(b)(3); and

(B) a State or local official to record on the form the type of document that the applicant presented as documentary proof of United States citizenship, including the date of the document's issuance, the date of the document's expiration (if any), the office that issued the document, and any unique identification number associated with the document as required by the criteria in 52 U.S.C. 21083(a)(5)(A), while taking appropriate measures to ensure information security.

(ii) For purposes of subsection (a) of this section, "documentary proof of United States citizenship" shall include a copy of:

- (A) a United States passport;
- (B) an identification document compliant with the requirements of the REAL ID Act of 2005 (Public Law 109-13, Div. B) that indicates the applicant is a citizen of the United States;
- (C) an official military identification card that indicates the applicant is a citizen of the United States; or
- (D) a valid Federal or State government-issued photo identification if such identification indicates that the applicant is a United States citizen or if such identification is otherwise accompanied by proof of United States citizenship.

(b) To identify unqualified voters registered in the States:

(i) the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, consistent with applicable law, ensure that State and local officials have, without the requirement of the payment of a fee, access to appropriate systems for verifying the citizenship or immigration status of individuals registering to vote or who are already registered;

(ii) the Secretary of State shall take all lawful and appropriate action to make available information from relevant databases to State and local election officials engaged in verifying the citizenship of individuals registering to vote or who are already registered; and

(iii) the Department of Homeland Security, in coordination with the DOGE Administrator, shall review each State's publicly available voter registration list and available records concerning voter list maintenance activities as required by 52 U.S.C. 20507, alongside Federal immigration databases and State records requested, including through subpoena where necessary and authorized by law, for consistency with Federal requirements.

(c) Within 90 days of the date of this order, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, consistent with applicable law, provide to the Attorney General complete information on all foreign nationals who have indicated on any immigration form that they have registered or voted in a Federal, State, or local election, and shall also take all appropriate action to submit to relevant State or local election officials such information.

(d) The head of each Federal voter registration executive department or agency (agency) under the National Voter

Registration Act, 52 U.S.C. 20506(a), shall assess citizenship prior to providing a Federal voter registration form to enrollees of public assistance programs.

(e) The Attorney General shall prioritize enforcement of 18 U.S.C. 611 and 1015(f) and similar laws that restrict non-citizens from registering to vote or voting, including through use of:

- (i) databases or information maintained by the Department of Homeland Security;
- (ii) State-issued identification records and driver license databases; and
- (iii) similar records relating to citizenship.

(f) The Attorney General shall, consistent with applicable laws, coordinate with State attorneys general to assist with State-level review and prosecution of aliens unlawfully registered to vote or casting votes.

Sec. 3. Providing Other Assistance to States Verifying Eligibility. To assist States in determining whether individuals are eligible to register and vote:

(a) The Commissioner of Social Security shall take all appropriate action to make available the Social Security Number Verification Service, the Death Master File, and any other Federal databases containing relevant information to all State and local election officials engaged in verifying the eligibility of individuals registering to vote or who are already registered. In determining and taking such action, the Commissioner of Social Security shall ensure compliance with applicable privacy and data security laws and regulations.

(b) The Attorney General shall ensure compliance with the requirements of 52 U.S.C. 20507(g).

(c) The Attorney General shall take appropriate action with respect to States that fail to comply with the list maintenance requirements of the National Voter Registration Act and the Help America Vote Act contained in 52 U.S.C. 20507 and 52 U.S.C. 21083.

(d) The Secretary of Defense shall update the Federal Post Card Application, pursuant to the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, 52 U.S.C. 20301, to require:

- (i) documentary proof of United States citizenship, as defined by section 2(a)(ii) of this order; and
- (ii) proof of eligibility to vote in elections in the State in which the voter is attempting to vote.

Sec. 4. Improving the Election Assistance Commission.

(a) The Election Assistance Commission shall, pursuant to 52 U.S.C. 21003(b)(3) and 21142(c) and consistent with applicable law, take all appropriate action to cease providing Federal funds to States that do not comply with the Federal laws set forth in 52 U.S.C. 21145, including the requirement in 52 U.S.C. 20505(a)(1) that States accept and use the national mail voter registration form issued pursuant to 52 U.S.C. 20508(a)(1), including any requirement for documentary proof of United States citizenship adopted pursuant to section 2(a)(ii) of this order.

(b)(i) The Election Assistance Commission shall initiate appropriate action to amend the Voluntary Voting System Guidelines 2.0 and issue other appropriate guidance establishing standards for voting systems to protect election integrity. The amended guidelines and other guidance shall provide that voting systems should not use a ballot in which a vote is contained within a barcode or quick-response code in the vote counting process except where necessary to accommodate individuals with

disabilities, and should provide a voter-verifiable paper record to prevent fraud or mistake.

(ii) Within 180 days of the date of this order, the Election Assistance Commission shall take appropriate action to review and, if appropriate, re-certify voting systems under the new standards established under subsection (b)(i) of this section, and to rescind all previous certifications of voting equipment based on prior standards.

(c) Following an audit of Help America Vote Act fund expenditures conducted pursuant to 52 U.S.C. 21142, the Election Assistance Commission shall report any discrepancies or issues with an audited State's certifications of compliance with Federal law to the Department of Justice for appropriate enforcement action.

(d) The Secretary of Homeland Security and the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, consistent with applicable law, shall in considering the provision of funding for State or local election offices or administrators through the Homeland Security Grant Programs, 6 U.S.C. 603 *et seq.*, heavily prioritize compliance with the Voluntary Voting System Guidelines 2.0 developed by the Election Assistance Commission and completion of testing through the Voting System Test Labs accreditation process.

Sec. 5. Prosecuting Election Crimes. To protect the franchise of American citizens and their right to participate in fair and honest elections:

(a) The Attorney General shall take all appropriate action to enter into information-sharing agreements, to the maximum extent possible, with the chief State election official or multi-member agency of each State. These agreements shall aim

to provide the Department of Justice with detailed information on all suspected violations of State and Federal election laws discovered by State officials, including information on individuals who:

- (i) registered or voted despite being ineligible or who registered multiple times;
- (ii) committed election fraud;
- (iii) provided false information on voter registration or other election forms;
- (iv) intimidated or threatened voters or election officials; or
- (v) otherwise engaged in unlawful conduct to interfere in the election process.

(b) To the extent that any States are unwilling to enter into such an information sharing agreement or refuse to cooperate in investigations and prosecutions of election crimes, the Attorney General shall:

- (i) prioritize enforcement of Federal election integrity laws in such States to ensure election integrity given the State's demonstrated unwillingness to enter into an information-sharing agreement or to cooperate in investigations and prosecutions; and
- (ii) review for potential withholding of grants and other funds that the Department awards and distributes, in the Department's discretion, to State and local governments for law enforcement and other purposes, as consistent with applicable law.

(c) The Attorney General shall take all appropriate action to align the Department of Justice's litigation positions with the purpose and policy of this order.

Sec. 6. Improving Security of Voting Systems. To improve the security of all voting equipment and systems used to cast ballots, tabulate votes, and report results:

(a) The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall take all appropriate actions to the extent permitted by 42 U.S.C. 5195c and all other applicable law, so long as the Department of Homeland Security maintains the designation of election infrastructure as critical infrastructure, as defined by 42 U.S.C. 5195c(e), to prevent all non-citizens from being involved in the administration of any Federal election, including by accessing election equipment, ballots, or any other relevant materials used in the conduct of any Federal election.

(b) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall, in coordination with the Election Assistance Commission and to the maximum extent possible, review and report on the security of all electronic systems used in the voter registration and voting process. The Secretary of Homeland Security, as the head of the designated Sector Risk Management Agency under 6 U.S.C. 652a, in coordination with the Election Assistance Commission, shall assess the security of all such systems to the extent they are connected to, or integrated into, the Internet and report on the risk of such systems being compromised through malicious software and unauthorized intrusions into the system.

Sec. 7. Compliance with Federal Law Setting the National Election Day. To achieve full compliance with the Federal laws that set the uniform day for appointing Presidential electors and electing members of Congress:

(a) The Attorney General shall take all necessary action to enforce 2 U.S.C. 7 and 3 U.S.C. 1 against States that violate these provisions by including absentee or mail-in ballots

received after Election Day in the final tabulation of votes for the appointment of Presidential electors and the election of members of the United States Senate and House of Representatives.

(b) Consistent with 52 U.S.C. 21001(b) and other applicable law, the Election Assistance Commission shall condition any available funding to a State on that State's compliance with the requirement in 52 U.S.C. 21081(a)(6) that each State adopt uniform and nondiscriminatory standards within that State that define what constitutes a vote and what will be counted as a vote, including that, as prescribed in 2 U.S.C. 7 and 3 U.S.C. 1, there be a uniform and nondiscriminatory ballot receipt deadline of Election Day for all methods of voting, excluding ballots cast in accordance with 52 U.S.C. 20301 *et seq.*, after which no additional votes may be cast.

Sec. 8. Preventing Foreign Interference and Unlawful Use of Federal Funds. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prioritize enforcement of 52 U.S.C. 30121 and other appropriate laws to prevent foreign nationals from contributing or donating in United States elections. The Attorney General shall likewise prioritize enforcement of 31 U.S.C. 1352, which prohibits lobbying by organizations or entities that have received any Federal funds.

Sec. 9. Federal Actions to Address Executive Order 14019. The heads of all agencies, and the Election Assistance Commission, shall cease all agency actions implementing Executive Order 14019 of March 7, 2021 (Promoting Access to Voting), which was revoked by Executive Order 14148 of on January 20, 2025 (Initial Rescissions of Harmful Executive Orders and Actions), and, within 90 days of the date of this order, submit to the President, through the Assistant to the

President for Domestic Policy, a report describing compliance with this order.

Sec. 10. Severability. If any provision of this order, or the application of any provision to any agency, person, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, the remainder of this order and the application of its provisions to any other agencies, persons, or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Sec. 11. General Provisions. (a) Nothing in this order shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

- (i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or
- (ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This order is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

DONALD J. TRUMP

THE WHITE HOUSE,

March 25, 2025.

Precinct Voter Counts Report

Precinct : All Status : Active Inactive Status Reason: All Split : All

	TOTAL	DEM	REP	GRN	WCP	UNA	OTHERS
PRECINCT 03002	3083	715	1648	3	1	669	47
PRECINCT 03003	3466	952	1701	2	2	771	38
PRECINCT 03004	3810	895	2106	2	1	771	35
PRECINCT 03005	3265	882	1560	5	1	772	45
PRECINCT 03006	6344	1743	3032	4	2	1480	83
PRECINCT 03007	6577	1593	3303	4	3	1579	95
PRECINCT 03008	2850	690	1495	2	2	627	34
PRECINCT 03009	7540	1856	3908	4	3	1652	117
PRECINCT 03010	2590	696	1227	5	1	617	44
PRECINCT 03011	5471	1695	2391	7	4	1269	105
PRECINCT 03012	632	176	300	0	0	140	16
PRECINCT 03013	5690	1705	2474	9	2	1397	103
PRECINCT 03014	3088	845	1440	2	0	756	45
PRECINCT 03015	2637	822	1197	2	0	595	21
PRECINCT 03016	5101	1504	2224	3	0	1282	88
PRECINCT 03017	3269	925	1467	0	1	824	52
PRECINCT 04001	2792	468	1724	1	2	564	33
PRECINCT 04002	2189	449	1263	0	2	447	28
PRECINCT 04003	3180	569	1957	1	3	612	38
PRECINCT 04004	3000	661	1678	1	3	605	52
PRECINCT 04005	2163	497	1161	1	3	473	28
PRECINCT 04006	4041	968	2175	2	1	826	69
PRECINCT 04007	674	174	351	2	0	144	3
PRECINCT 05001	5525	950	3437	5	6	1047	80
PRECINCT 05002	2817	492	1669	1	3	594	58
PRECINCT 05003	1678	334	927	2	0	387	28
PRECINCT 06001	281	86	129	0	0	58	8
PRECINCT 06002	2649	902	974	5	1	721	46
PRECINCT 06003	764	327	214	1	1	205	16
PRECINCT 06004	5458	2105	1842	1	4	1424	82
PRECINCT 06005	4667	1878	1419	12	6	1217	135
Grand Total	205500	67238	85459	183	143	48783	3694

Precinct Voter Counts Report

Precinct : All Status : Active Inactive Status Reason: All Split : All

	TOTAL	DEM	REP	GRN	WCP	UNA	OTHERS
PRECINCT 01001	1613	339	856	3	0	383	32
PRECINCT 01002	2603	969	941	2	2	618	71
PRECINCT 01003	5353	1842	2029	6	0	1391	85
PRECINCT 01004	4600	1338	2110	4	0	1094	54
PRECINCT 01005	4860	1715	1771	7	3	1263	101
PRECINCT 01006	2431	752	1020	4	2	589	64
PRECINCT 01007	4878	1595	2048	2	0	1179	54
PRECINCT 01008	2130	694	843	2	0	573	18
PRECINCT 01009	535	129	250	0	0	141	15
PRECINCT 01010	1390	582	396	1	1	373	37
PRECINCT 01011	2410	852	920	1	1	583	53
PRECINCT 01012	2238	930	748	3	1	520	36
PRECINCT 01013	3291	1423	957	1	2	847	61
PRECINCT 01014	4288	2108	970	4	2	1106	98
PRECINCT 01015	4276	1958	1237	4	4	995	78
PRECINCT 01016	4183	1523	1589	4	3	975	89
PRECINCT 01017	2045	841	646	1	0	503	54
PRECINCT 01018	2746	1174	852	3	2	672	43
PRECINCT 01019	3620	2034	589	7	10	884	96
PRECINCT 01020	3611	2100	518	10	9	873	101
PRECINCT 01021	5836	3006	1261	6	8	1438	117
PRECINCT 01022	2164	1044	525	2	3	549	41
PRECINCT 02001	3143	752	1656	2	1	679	53
PRECINCT 02002	403	107	200	0	0	85	11
PRECINCT 02003	52	17	26	0	0	9	0
PRECINCT 02004	219	56	98	0	0	53	12
PRECINCT 02005	1929	1001	372	1	0	523	32
PRECINCT 02006	4396	1831	1374	1	3	1099	88
PRECINCT 02007	5587	2527	1467	4	14	1426	149
PRECINCT 02008	2451	1096	535	4	9	733	74
PRECINCT 02009	1062	355	297	0	1	370	39
PRECINCT 02010	2036	808	680	0	2	497	49
PRECINCT 03001	5830	1186	3285	5	2	1235	117